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SATURDAY BULLETIN.

PHILADELPHIA, MARCH 10, 1832.

New Agents for BULLETIN.—Wm. Russell, P. M., Strasburg, Pa.; Jos. M. French, P. M. French Mill, N. C.

Mr. S. Austin, No. 30 South St. Baltimore, is agent for the Bulletin in that city. Our subscribers in Baltimore will be called on during this and the coming week, by an authorized collector, for the amount of their yearly subscription. We rely on their punctuality in discharging the small demand.

The long agitated question of the part which New Jersey would take in the great internal improvements in that state, is thus announced.

The Agency is over.—The bill granting the exclusive right of way across New Jersey, passed Council on Friday morning last, and has therefore become a law of the state, by a vote of eight to four, one member not voting, and another absent.

The U. S. Gazette publishes the annexed affidavit, stating that several respectable persons have expressed their entire confidence in its truth.

James C. Justice being sworn, with that he will be 50 years of age on the 10th of April, A.D. 1832. That on Wednesday evening, the 29th of February last, he left the house of Thomas Porter, in Vine st. No. 54, between the hours of 6 and 7 o'clock in the evening—that he was about turning into Coates' alley, not quite a square from Mr. Porter's house, when he was seized by two men—that they put a plaster over his mouth and held both his hands, and took him down Front street to Market street, and then put him on board a sloop to the lower side of the wharf, where that they put him down into the hold of the sloop, and plastered him over, so that he could not speak, and then hoisted him by the mainmast, and told him if he made a noise or bellowed they would knock out his brains that they pushed off the sloop immediately and went down the river; that they arrived at Delaware city about twelve o'clock at night; that there was a black man in the hold with him; that the sloop was made fast to the wharf and he heard the men say that they would go to the tavern and get something to drink; that after the men had gone, this dependent and the black man broke open the hatchway and went down into the hold of the sloop and went off as far as the wharf, and then got about 3 or 4 miles from the wharf, when they reached the city on Friday in the Wilmington steamboat. That while on board the sloop he heard the men say: "We have got these two fellows tight enough." That the black man told dependent he lived in Shippensburg, and had there a wife and three children; that the black man told him he was brought to the sloop in the same way that dependent was brought there.—That at the way from Delaware city they stopped at a house where some slaves were held, and stayed there some hours, when they were travelling all day. That the man who took him had on black dress and checked shirt; that they had on long coats and black hats; that when they put him into the hold they took off the plaster from his mouth; that he observed nothing in the hold of the vessel; they had no light; that when himself and the black man made their escape, he first knew his companion to be black; that the black man did not tell him his name.

JAMES C. JUSTICE.

Taken and sworn before me, the 3d March, 1832.

S. B. BADGER, Attn.

It appears to us to be a most improbable story, and to bear its own contradiction along with it. Kidnapping a boy of 20 at seven in the evening, in Philadelphia!

A few fresh sleds were visible in our market yesterday.

The Chestnut street theatre is offered to let on lease, for one or more years, after the thirty-first of July next.

The Democratic state convention at Harrisburg has nominated Gen. Jackson for President, Mr. Wilkins for Vice President, and Mr. Wolf for Governor.

Nine persons are said to have died of Cholera at Mobile, imported in the brig Jessie from Liverpool—Doubtful.

Anderson, the singer, is to be again brought out at the New York theatre.

FRANKFORD BANK.—The following are the names of the Commissioners in the bill incorporating the Frankford Bank:—Samuel Castor, Francis J. Harper, George F. Goodman, Benjamin Crispin, Joseph Allen, John McMullan, John Foulkred, Constantine F. O'Neill, John Hyman, Ellis Lewis, Jacob Baker, John M. Bucklin, George K. Budd, Isaac Whitlock, John Levering, Dilworth Wentz, John Vandusen, Nicholas Brown, Richard Bacon, Paul Prevor, Abraham Baker, M. B. Master, Henry Libe, A. S. Vanpelt, Wm. P. Aitkin, John Keefe, William McGlinney, Wm. C. Brown, James P. Smith, Joseph L. Thomas, Robert M. Lee, Col. Wm. P. Smith, John H. Frick, Jesus Walton, Chalkey Gillingham, Thomas Reading, William Rice, Benjamin Hutchinson, Joseph Dickinson.

We last month fell in company with five respectable young gentlemen, all of them strangers to us, three of whom had never read Washington's Farewell Address, and a fourth had never heard of it!

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

TREATISE ON HYDROSTATICS AND PNEUMATICS.—No. 13 of the Cabinet Cyclopaedia, by Dr. Lardner.

Carey & Lea have just issued the volume, in which these subjects are treated with equal science and intelligibility—two qualities of rare excellence in one work.

The principles laid down are illustrated in a very clear manner by numerous engravings.

The present volume for instance contains all that may be desired on the subject of water and air, including the whole theory of water wheels, pumps, balloons, the diving bell, &c. &c. separated from all extraneous and irrelevant matter, and is equally complete, either alone or considered as part of the whole series.

To the reader of limited means, the benefit of this arrangement is evident—enabling him to collect a library exactly suited to his wishes, which he can extend at any moment to any proportion of the whole work, feeling assured at the same time by the characters of the contributors, that he will have the best views on every subject given in the most lucid manner.

If a subscriber desire to discontinue the work at any stage of its publication, the volumes which he may have received will not lose their value by separation from the rest of the work, since they will always be complete in themselves, and may be made so at a trifling expense.

Notwithstanding the extensive range taken by the plan of the work, it is not intended that the Cabinet Cyclopaedia shall form an interminable series, in which any work of interest which may present itself from time to time can claim a place. Its subjects are classed according to the usual divisions of literature, science, and art. Each division is distinctly traced out, and will consist of a determinate number of volumes.

The value of the work cannot be fixed with certainty, yet there is a limit which will not be exceeded; and the subscribers are to be bound to the possession, within a reasonable time, of a complete library of instruction, amusement, and general reference, in the regular form of a popular Cyclopaedia.

The several classes of the work are—1. Natural Philosophy; 2. The Useful and Fine Arts; 3. Natural History; 4. Geography; 5. Politics and Morals; 6. General Literature and Criticism; 7. History; 8. Biography.

In the above extensive and technical departments of knowledge, an attempt has been successfully made to convey to the reader a general acquaintance with those subjects the use of plain and familiar language, appropriate and well-executed engravings, and copious examples and illustrations taken from objects and events with which every one is familiar.

For the present volume the pictures are fully reduced; the following plan is now to be pursued on subjects which are technical and professional will be adopted, and on such as have a more general interest, the illustrations will be

such matters which is generally expected from well-educated persons. An attempt will be made to what is abstruse, interesting, and the scenes will be rendered attractive, by treating them with reference to the most familiar objects and occurrences."

MEMOIRS OF THE ENGLISH JOURNALIST.—No. XXVII. of the Family Library—Harper, New York.

In everything has the first French Revolution been fruitful to an astonishing degree. In virtue and crime, in philosophy and war, in suffering and gratification; but in no one thing more than in *Voltaire's Memoirs*. Where so much was to be seen, the reminiscences of every one are more or less interesting, and as such has given a different coloring to the occurrences observed by all, it is only perhaps by a comparison of the whole series that correct views are even at this period to be attained. But if the memoirs of the most insignificant have yielded gratification, by how much more are we to expect it from those of distinguished actors in the scene. Doubtless this work will fill several vacancies in the secret history of the horrors attending that terrible disruption of social ties and inverted abuses.

The breaking of the ice was the cause of extensive destruction along the whole range of the Susquehanna valley. Several very valuable bridges, many houses, and an immense amount of property of different descriptions, have been swept away.

The Old Colony Memorial mentions a garrison in the town of Marshfield by the name of Rogers, who was born on the same day with George Washington, and consequently reached his hundredth year on that day.—Mr. Cusins, of Argenton, furnished for the centenary celebration in Georgetown (District of Columbia) a large painting, executed by himself, representing Washington leaning on his white charges, and contemplating the cannons at Trenton, the night immediately preceding the memorable battle of Princeton.—Last week as the stage was passing over the ridge between Mount Pleasant and Dagsboro, in Westmoreland county, one of the passengers was heard to shout, and an immediate examination found he dead; his name was said to be McFarland, and he was supposed to be a merchant from the west. On examining his pocket-book, it was found to contain \$1000. A. Bellfield, Carteret, New Jersey, on the 25th ultimo, was found dead in his bed, having been overcome by the cold and rain. He incurred where he lived, but received no satisfactory answer, though his behavior was modest and respectful; and at his request, she accompanied him to the watch-house, where comfortable quarters were provided for her during the remainder of the night. Her appearance this morning presented the curious spectacle of a girl of seventeen, robust and blooming in health, without any indications of a familiarity with crime of any kind, indolent and retiring, yet covered with rags that bespake the extremity of poverty. When asked how she came to be found in the street under the above circumstances, and what was her mode of life, she related, but not until great persuasion had been used to convince her that she must in some way give assurances of a history in which the romantic forced a very conspicuous part. She came from the neighborhood of Pittsburg, to meet a young man now in this city, between whom and herself there existed an engagement of marriage, which was to be consummated on her arrival here. They were both of humble but respectable parentage, he being engaged as clerk in a store, with a salary sufficient to support them both, though his business prevented his leaving it to marry her at home. She had come on by appointment, about a week before, but had been robbed on the way, of every thing but the clothes she wore, including a small sum of money which her mother had given her on leaving home. To add to her misfortune, she did not know where to find her lover, having lost the direction he gave her, though she remembered part of the merchant's name where he was employed. She had wandered up and down the streets for nearly a week, searching in vain for it, and had supported herself by pawnning her clothes in exchange for the ragged suit she now wore, being unable to bring her mind to begging. Several nights she had found lodgings in houses of evil fame, but had escaped the pollution which are practiced in them. On Sunday night, driven to despair by her desperate situation in a strange place, having expended her last sixpence in paying for a lodging the night before, she lay down in the market house to sleep, not having had a mouthful the whole day. This relation excited the strongest sympathy among a considerable number of respectable persons who heard it, and a purse of twenty-five dollars was collected for her benefit.

The young sons of Major Nef, in Pennsylvania, had recently been bitten. Medics also prevailed among the hogs and the cows.—The mercury, at Portland, Maine, on Saturday morning, fell fourteen degrees below zero. The harbor was frozen over as far out as the islands farther than it had been before this winter.

We perceive with pleasure that the prints have done justice to the artist, in this or the preceding number, just as to those of the first part. Mr. Smith certainly deserves the favorable regards of all amateurs of this delightful art, for the clear and intelligible manner in which he treats the subject that he has undertaken to elucidate. We had not hoped previously, that the art of drawing could be so familiarly and pleasantly illustrated.

Plates XI. of heads showing character by variation from a given rule, with the attending explanations, are more fascinating than those of the first part.

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